MONDAY, *September* 16. 1771. [NUMB. 1877.]

The BOSTON Evening-Post.

Containing the freſheſt & moſt important Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

Printed by THOMAS and JOHN FLEET, at the HEART and CROWN in Cornhill.

Meſſr's FLEETS, vid, no. 567

Pleaſe to give the following a place in your weekly paper, and you will oblige one of your conſtant cuſtomers and friend,

Bridgwater, 6th *Sept.* 1771. M. K.

A Pamphlet has lately appeared in this part of the Country, intitled "Brief Remarks on the Satyrical Drollery at Cambridge," &c. in which the Author has attempted to repreſent the humorous part of the entertainment of Commencement Day as a mean, wicked, ill-timed, antic performance. The firſt objection formed by the tender conſcienced Remarker, is a ſuppoſed profanation of the Houſe of God by the clap of applauſe with which the performer was honoured by a greater part of the audience: If this be a profanation of the place, there is ſcarcely a houſe of God in the Country but what is very frequently and unwittingly profaned by perſons who, perhaps, have as good pretenſions to ſeriouſneſs as the Remarker; for there is nothing more common than for people to aſſemble in what is called the Houſe of God, to tranſact the ſecular affairs of a Town or Pariſh, or to hold an Election; at which meetings, beſides the profeſſed buſineſs of the day, there are often exhibited ſcenes infinitely more ludicrous and violatary of the ſanctity of the place than any thing performed on laſt Commencement day at Cambridge: It is true, that a Town-meeting, an Election and a Commencement are often introduced with Prayer; but where is the propriety of calling either of thoſe ſcenes a "Solemnity," eſpecially when "his Deus nihil fecit"? which ſentence (by the way) in a learned language, tho' it be a baſtard witticiſm and diſcovers the quoter's propenſity to retail latin ſcraps, is fraught with more profaneneſs and ſuggeſts more impious thoughts than all the drollery and buffoonery of Commencement, whether in the meeting-houſe or booths; however, thro' a happy blunder, the profanity of the expreſſion is ſomewhat reduced; for in the next line it is allowed that "there was divine preſervation," tho' the breath before God is ſaid to have done nothing. The character of Stephen the Preacher is next canvaſſed and highly cenſured, as being ſuppoſed to repreſent certain "zealous Preachers of the Goſpel;" but this is a groſs miſtake, for it may be preſumed that nine in ten of the audience, who were competent judges of the performance, underſtood that Stephen repreſented an illiterate, enthuſiaſtic, ſtrolling pretended Preacher, and one who was fitter for a Chimney-ſweeper than an Evangeliſt; if this was the caſe, as no doubt it was, then where is the impropriety of taking off the character and exhibiting it to public contempt and laughter.

Ridentem dicere verum quid vetat?
Laugh where we muſt.

But perhaps "the agitation of the laughing muſcles" is what gives moſt offence, as being malum in ſe.

"Nature hath fram'd ſtrange fellows in her time,
Some that will evermore peep thro' their eyes
And laugh like Parrots at a Bagpiper,
And others of ſuch vinegar aſpect,
That they'll not ſhew their teeth by way of ſmile
Tho' Neſtor ſwear the jeſt be laughable."

At a time when the country ſwarms with bankrupts who pretend to be rich in grace; with lazy coblers who pretend to mend mens lives as well as ſhoes; with low-ignorant viſionaries who all pretend to have an immediate miſſion from God to preach, when in fact they more reſemble the emiſſaries of the Devil; at a time when quackeries of all kinds are practiced with ſuch ſucceſs among us; at ſuch a time to hold up a mirrour to the public and give the times their due form and preſſure, is the buſineſs of the Scholar, the Patriot and the Chriſtian; and as Satyre is allowed by the beſt judges to be an excellent reclaimer of the immoralities of mankind, one may venture to aſſert that it is next to impoſſible that the Satyre alluded to ſhould be ill-timed.

"When Satyre flies abroad on falſhood's wing,
Short is her life and impotent her ſting;
But when to truth ally'd, the wound ſhe gives
Sinks deep and to remoteſt ages lives.
When in the tomb thy pamper'd fleſh ſhall rot,
And e'en by friends thy mem'ry be forgot,
Still ſhalt thou live recorded for thy crimes,
Live in her page and ſtink to after times."

And if we may judge from the effects that young Democritus's ſatyre had on old Heraclitus, we ſhall juſtly conclude that according to the vulgar proverb the ſaddle fitted the horſe, and tho' it galled him in the withers, the ſore has had a plentiful diſcharge in a fifteen-paged Pamphlet. When the celebrated Moliere's Tartuffe or Mock Doctor was brought upon the ſtage in France, the Clergy immediately took the alarm, and thro' their unlimited influence in that prieſt-ridden kingdom they obtained an arret of Parliament and cauſed the Play to be burnt by the common hangman; while all wiſe men acknowledged and applauded the juſt ſatyre, and highly eſteemed its immortal author. This inſtance naturally reminds us of a paſſage in the Independent Whig, which ſhall therefore be quoted here: "There is a frequent but falſe ſaying now in the mouth of every ignorant, that it is an eaſy matter to make a jeſt of Religion and the Prieſthood; which, whether they are aware of it or not, is ſaying that their Religion and its Prieſts are a jeſt; for he upon whom the jeſt is made doth in effect make the jeſt, otherwiſe it is none. Religion and virtue cannot be ridiculed, and whoever attempts it, by ſhewing himſelf a villain, raiſes horror inſtead of laughter, which is the end of ridicule."—— There ſhall no apology be made for applying the foregoing inſtance and obſervations to the preſent purpoſe; on the contrary, the writer eſteems himſelf at full liberty to uſe great freedom of ſpeech, ſince a critic and cenſor of ſuch huge importance as the Remarker, and one who comes recommended in a pompous title page with the ornamental addition of V. D. M. might poſſibly cruſh the young comic genius juſt as he is burſting from the ſhell; who otherwiſe might do great honor to the college and ſignal ſervice to his country.

"Divines will always look with envious eyes
On ev'ry genius that attempts to riſe.
And pauſing o'er a pipe with doubtful nod,
Give hints that Players ne'er believe in God:
So Clowns on Scholars as on Wizards look,
And take a folio for a conj'ring book."

Enough however has been ſaid to exclude us from the benefit of that kind promiſe in the Remarker's *nota bene*; for we pretend not "with decency to riſe up and defend the College" againſt an antagoniſt who has "God on his ſide"; ſuch a defence would be not only indecent but raſh and impious; we ſhall venture, notwithſtanding, to be ſo 'indecent' as to ſuſpect that the motives of his ſtrong perſuaſion that he has ſuch a powerful Being on his ſide are not well grounded; and we doubt not that all thoſe who read his illiberal piece will juſtify us therein. Mean time, the College ſtands not in need of a defender againſt ſuch a Champion, and will continue, we truſt, to exhibit the like ſcenes, according to the exigency of the times, ſo long as it ſhall hold an Anniverſary; and for the next, it is humbly propoſed that a Farce, intitled DEMOCRITUS and HERACLITUS, may be acted for the entertainment of the Ladies and Gentlemen; it contains but two acts, and is ſold at the ſign of the weeping-babe & gingerbread.

Meſſr's FLEETS.

I Shall leave my ſuperiors to determine whether your correſpondent of laſt week manifeſted the greater attachment to the *religion* or *civil conſtitution* of his *country*, and go on to obſerve, that, Though I have never been an over zealous ſtickler for the prerogatives of the clergy, and, as much as he pretends, do really abhor obliging any man to lay out his penny for what he does not deem his pennyworth; I gather from his complaint that the clergy do now begin to deſerve the notice and encouragement of every honeſt man. If they indeed faithfully engage in the arduous taſk committed to their charge, if they freely come up to the help of the Lord againſt the mighty, if like the good ſhepherd they expoſe their very lives for the ſheep, if as they are ſet as watchmen to guard the civil and religious intereſts of their people, declaring unto them the whole counſel of God, and thro' fear, favor or affection keep they nothing back which it behoves their charge to know. If ſuch I ſay be the preſent diſpoſition of the clergy, may the great ſhepherd of Iſrael ſtrengthen their hands and encourage their hearts; in ſpite of all the Sanballats and Tobiahs in the country may the work proſper! May they cry aloud and not ſpare, *preach liberty to the captives* of the moſt execrable uſurpation that ever *lorded it over God's heritage*. May they be mighty thro' God for the pulling down of ſtrong holds, breaking open the priſon-doors, and ſetting free the millions, which prieſtcraft and kingcraft have held in bondage even unto this day. Is this the reverſe of the religion of JESUS, or does your correſpondent aim to *blaſpheme* that religion, by repreſenting it the reverſe of the law and religion of nature; the firſt principle of which is *ſelf-preſervation* from any invading force whatever; the next, to lend a helping hand to our oppreſſed neighbour? Surely this is *what we would that others ſhould do unto us*; nor is the man to be found who would take it well to be abandoned to the fury of his oppreſſors in vindication of a common cauſe! Fawning traitors and deſigning villains may torture ſcripture as they pleaſe to prove that like ſheep and oxen it is our duty to ſtand ſtill till ſuch infernals ſhear or flea us, as ſuits their humor. Would they confine their exhortations to the brutal herd, whoſe ſubmiſſion is indicated by nature itſelf, we would not complain, but to tell a reaſonable creature 'that no cauſe whatever can be ſo bad as in the leaſt to juſtify taking up arms againſt the ſovereign' is a tale ſo vile that even brutes themſelves are by nature inſtructed the contrary, *tread upon a worm and it will turn*, being a proverbial obſervation. According to this miſcreant Religion is intended for the ſupport of the moſt unreaſonable domination of a few, though the intolerable miſery of the reſt be the inevitable conſequence. Such preachers of ſuch doctrines more naturally reſemble the preacher who adviſed the ſon of man to caſt himſelf down from the pinacle of the temple, than the ſon of man himſelf, who came, *not to ſend peace but a ſword*, among all thoſe incorrigible hypocrites who cauſe the blind to err, and turn the ſimple out of the right way. Shall not the hope of the hypocrite be cut off, ſhall he not be confounded and aſhamed, ſhall not diſtruction from the Lord be a terror to him, ſhall not rottenneſs enter into his bones and corruption take hold of his marrow, ſhall he not wail in the bitterneſs of his ſoul and cry when there is none to help or pity? Becauſe he hath lied for God and ſpoken deceitfully of his Maker. He hath called evil good, and good evil. He hath hardened his heart as in the day of viſitation. He hath ſpoiled the widow and taken away the hope of the fatherleſs; yet ſaith he the Lord doth not regard it, neither doth the Holy One of Iſrael conſider!

He is a Lover of true Liberty; but it is a liberty to pillage and deſtroy all before him; holding himſelf, as did that impious tyrant Charles I. accountable to none but God for his actions, and acting as if he believed there was no God to account to. Such liberty, deteſted animal, is not likely to be allowed thee!

A liberty to breath in air, or walk upon the earth is too much indulgence for ſuch a foe to mankind, who would pervert even Religion itſelf to their deſtruction. A liberty to iſſue the damnable doctrines of implicit faith, paſſive obedience and nonreſiſtance from this preſs, is a liberty thou ſhalt never enjoy without oppoſition, while ſuch oppoſition is in the power of

By Dr Young. EUSEBIUS.

LONDON. July 10.

We hear that the Society of the Bill of Rights, who have again begun a Subſcription for the payment of Mr. Wilkes's debts, will, at their next meeting, take into conſideration the ſtate of the 1500l. which was remitted to that Society from Charleſtown.—The ſeveral Members of the Aſſembly, who voted that ſum out of the public money, did it, no doubt, with a good deſign, and for the good of the province; but have ſince found to their coſt, that they muſt ſtand to the loſs of this ſum themſelves, as it cannot now be taken from the public caſh of the Province.—And it is certainly every way conſiſtent with the ſpirit and conduct of ſo public ſpirited an inſtitution as the Society of the Bill of Rights to preſerve their friends from being ſufferers in their private capacity, for what they did as Members of the Aſſembly, eſpecially if it be conſidered, that many, who, in their zeal for a good cauſe, gave their vote, can very ill afford to pay their quota towards ſuch a ſum of money.

Thurſday four veſſels, of 300 tons burthen, were taken up in the River as tranſports, on Government account, to carry building materials, ſtores, &c. to the Coaſts of Africa and Guinea, where two new forts are now building by the Engliſh.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, June 17.

"Our politicians were never more puzzled than they are at preſent to form a proper judgment of the turn affairs will take between Ruſſia and the Porte, for though a treaty of pacification has for ſome weeks been talked of as an event that would ſoon take place; the Czarina's demands are conſidered by the Porte as ſo very unreaſonable, that it is poſitively aſſured the Grand Signior has declared that he will not only rather riſque another campaign, than ſubmit to them; but if the Ruſſians were abſolutely poſſeſſed of Conſtantinople, he would ſtill reject them. It is generally believed, that though the Court of Verſailles will not viſibly appear an auxiliary to the Porte, that ſhe has had ſufficient influence upon the Court of Vienna to engage the Emperor to make the moſt favourable diſpoſitions in favour of the Grand Signor, and that under pretence of preventing incurſions into his territories, he will abſolutely ſecond the operations of the Turks againſt the Ruſſians. It is, indeed, ſaid, that a treaty has been for ſome time upon the carpet between the Courts of Vienna and Berlin, whereby it is ſtipulated, that an army of obſervation is immediately to be raiſed for the ſecurity of their reſpective territories, but which, it is generally believed by our deepeſt politicians, is indeed deſigned to ſtrip the Czarina of thoſe acquiſitions ſhe has already made, or may hereafter make, upon the Turk. We wait with impatience for the next poſt, from Peterſburgh, which will throw great light upon the preſent critical ſtate of affairs."

Extract of a Letter from PARIS.

"We are in ſuch confuſion at this capital, and indeed all over the kingdom, that the miniſters of ſtate are taking every precaution to prevent a civil war; gentlemen and eccleſiaſtics are ſent to the Baſtile by dozens; the new parliament dare not tranſact any buſineſs for fear of being arraigned by the old parliament; princes of the blood, and the greateſt part of the nobility, treated as an unlawful aſſembly, ſeveral of them having been already threatned to be hanged up at their own doors. The country people from different provinces are ſo numerous in this city, that the judge of policy endeavoured to clear it of them, but to no purpoſe, becauſe they can find no bread for money in the country; in ſhort, if proper meaſures are not ſpeedily adopted, this country will be one of the moſt miſerable in the world. Happy then that nation, whoſe liberties are preſerved ſacred and inviolable! there can be nothing wanting in it to make every thing lovely, and to flouriſh in it; their trade muſt be extenſive; their manufactures numerous; the people eaſy, contented, rich, brave; the governors happy in governing reaſonable creatures in a reaſonable manner, and commanding what principle teaches to be fit and right. England is the nation where theſe effects are beſt underſtood, and moſt likely to be expected; and learn to commiſerate and pity almoſt all the world beſide!"

Meſſ'rs Fleets, *Pleaſe to inſert as follows in your next* Evening-Poſt, *and you'll oblige, &c.*

To the PUBLIC.

I Own myſelf the Author of the Piece relative to the Affairs at Rutland, in the Evening-Poſt of July 15th; provoked, by being informed, that an Account was circulated as if I had made Conceſſions to Capt. Stone, and ſo that the Affair was accommodated, and excited by ſome of my Friends who thought ſomething of that ſort ſeaſonable and neceſſary.——It is brief, but ſtrictly true. I appeal to every one preſent, excepting thoſe engaged in Oppoſition to me.—It is purpoſely favourable to Capt. Stone, and a Monoſyllable omitted (*large*) he himſelf might have been ſuppoſed the Author of it—What then is it's Contraſt in the Evening Poſt of Auguſt 19th!—"*Anſwer him not.*" The Man who can write in ſuch a Manner as this; trample upon truth; invert, tranſpoſe, take his Riſe from the Middle of a Sentence, and leave out the whole Antecedent on which it turns, exchange Words to hide the Deceit, and treat the Publick with Nonſenſe rather than tell diſagreeable Truth, to the Diſhonour of Gentlemen of Character, as if they could not intelligibly compoſe the ſmalleſt matter; may write for ever for all me, others may read and believe him too, that ſee meet—I have ſomething elſe to do than maintain a Controverſy with ſuch an Antagoniſt, and will endeavour to paſs through evil Report no leſs than good; as a Deceiver yet true.——If this ſufficeth all will be well perhaps, but if any thing be added that calls for Animadverſion, the Reſult of the Council will be publiſhed at large and ſpeak for itſelf—Then it will appear whether I made Conceſſions to the Captain, whether I moved for an Accommodation, and what it was the Captain honoured himſelf in.——I am the Publick's humble ſervant,

Rutland, Sept. 2. 1771. J. Buckminſter.

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9 m^r Keith, who acted the Buffoon at y^e Commencement & Prev^d Andrew Croſwell vid. pa. 560, 9 vid. pa. 555. 2 vid. Riſe of that Society pa. 478. Vol. 2. & page 547. & vid. pa 305 vid. Bill of Rights pa.

vid. pa. 559 & 567

To the Publiſhers of the BOSTON EVENING-POST.

INaſmuch as a certain Writer who calls himſelf *Simon the Tanner*, (tho' *Iſhmael* had been a more proper name) hath printed a Letter to the Author of the Brief Remarks on the Satyrical Drollery at Cambridge, laſt *Commencement*, &c. it hath been tho't fit *this way*, to communicate to the Public, what is needful to be ſaid on the ſubject. The Author obliged himſelf to take notice of any thing written againſt the *Remarks* with *decency*: tho' not *abſolutely* to diſregard every thing elſe. The little he ſaith about Simon's lucubrations, is not an anſwer: As they are *unworthy* of an anſwer, they *need none*: *Simon* hath anſwered *Simon*: The ſpirit and *manner* of his Letter will be an antidote againſt the *matter*. After he hath cited two Scriptures in his Title Page againſt *mocking*; he *mocks on* even to the end of his Piece; and commonly (which is moſt ſhocking) in the very words *of the Holy Ghoſt*. A certain Miniſter is ſuſpected to be *Simon the Tanner*. It would be for the honor of the Clergy, to have it ſuppoſed that no Miniſter wrote the *Farrago*, or was any ways concerned in it, or can rejoice that ſuch a *work of darkneſs* ever ſaw the light. Never was ſuch a *thing* printed, ſince the invention of the art! Not one ſerious ſentence is offered to the Reader; but 43 pages of *downright ſcurrility!* This is abuſing the Public. A ſcurrilous Writer affronts all his Readers: and a Man of true honor reſents the affront, tho' the ſcurrility ſhould be on his ſide of the queſtion. Every Man of *good ſenſe*, and *good nature*, muſt *feel* himſelf affronted by *Simon's* Piece. And beſides this *indignity*, the Gentlemen of the College, have to reſent his *leaving them in the lurch*: for while he abounds in froth and buffoonery, he always keeps at a ſafe diſtance from the *merits of the cauſe*; which is practically ſaying, *hic labor, hoc opus eſt!* let them *defend it themſelves if they can*. If any one would do theſe Gentlemen *real* ſervice, and not ſerve them as *Simon* hath done, he muſt do the following hard work for them.

1. He muſt juſtify that part of the *Farce*, where Stephen is repreſented rejoicing, becauſe one of the company *who was knocked down, groaned*; becauſe he hoped thoſe *groans proceeded from a wounded Spirit*:* which was a prophane alluſion to that ſcripture; *a wounded Spirit who can bear?* I ſay, he muſt ſhew that ſuch vain fleering about conviction of ſin, and ſpiritual trouble, had no tendency to ſtupify the conſciences of the multitude, and to make them neglect *the* great ſalvation. It would be as eaſy to prove that *Foot's* wicked way of banteringRegeneration in his *Miner*, had not a tendency to make thoſe who were preſent deſpiſe the true doctrine of Regeneration contained in theScriptures. There is no doubt but hard hearts were made harder, and blind eyes blinder by OK—'s performance in the *Meeting Houſe*, as well as by Foot's performance in the *Play Houſe*. Nay, 'tis to be feared, the wickedneſs at College hath been owing, in part, to this ſource: For if the more private exhibitions of *Democritus*, which cauſed him to be pitched upon for the *public buffoonery*, were *no worſe* than *that*, it would not be ſtrange, if ſome of the Scholars ſhould be led by them to *deſpiſe their own Souls*, and to do things which *make the Ears of all that hear thereof to tingle*.

2. He muſt ſhew that Buffoonery, Aping, Mimicing and Mocking others to make ſport, doth not proceed from Pride & Contempt; but is agreeable to the duties we owe to one another, as we are Men and Chriſtians: tho' nothing is more certain than that all ſuch Buffoonery, at College, or *elſewhere*, is as contrary to Chriſtianity, and humanity too, as darkneſs is to light.

3. That ſuch fleering, flouting, ſly Jokes, mean low and merry Conceits, attended with the moſt boiſterous laughter, interrupting thoſe whoſe tho'ts were ſerious and wiſe for ſo long a time; were proper for the ſolemn occaſion, where God's Name had been called upon for his gracious preſence and aſſiſtance; and ſuitable entertainment for all the worthy characters in the Aſſembly. The *indecency* was ſhocking to *Men of taſte*. If any particular Gentlemen were *great admirers*; they had the comfort of it. The publication of the Farce would diſcover *their taſte*: But the friends of it chuſe to keep it in the *dark* with *Simon the Tanner*.

4. That this new comick Exerciſe was really for the honour of the College. How glorious muſt *Alma-Mater* appear to any learned Foreigners that were preſent! And what an exalted idea muſt people in general have of a College Education, when thoſe take Degrees of Bachellors of Arts who diſcover no ſkill in any Art, but the art of *Buffoonery*, & a *meer Antick* receives power from the Preſident to preach the Everlaſting Goſpel! If the *Men of this Device* intended to ſink the College lower than ever, no one could ſuſpect their want of Judgment. This is the work Simon ſhould have done; but he hath left it *undone*; and it muſt remain *undone* forever. What ſignifies a frothy Pamphlet? What ſignifies any thing that can be written, though ſupported by the Authority of the College, againſt Scripture and Reaſon? All *ſuch ſtrength* is only *weakneſs*; and the cauſe, having *nothing* to *keep it up*, muſt fall to the ground, like *Dagon before the Ark*. It is of the utmoſt importance that the College in Cambridge, ſhould be a Seminary of Virtue and Piety as well as human Learning. And while we rejoice that it out ſhines all the Colleges in America, for Literature, it becomes us to be greived, when any thing is publickly encouraged which is detrimental to Religion. Hence it was that the Author bore Teſtimony againſt the *Prophaneſs of the publick Diſputes*, A. D. 1760, (the generality of worthy Men ‡ in Town and Country looked on the Teſtimony to be needful.) And hence it is that much againſt his Inclination he hath forced himſelf, ſince no one elſe was like to do it, to write againſt the Mimical Drollery of the laſt *Anniverſary*: Which ſhould be looked on not as *Enmity*, but *Friendſhip* to the College.

As the Author bleſſes GOD, that he had his Education there; ſo he heartily wiſhes his Bleſſing on the Inſtitution, on the Governors, and all the Students.

A. Croſwell.

N. B. No one muſt expect any Thing elſe written on the Subject.

* Stephen was deſigned to perſonate *all* thoſe Miniſters of Chriſt who are *honored* with the reproachful Name of *New-Lights*; Simon lets us know that Mocking and Laughing at them was the main thing intended.

‡ The late learned *Dr. Wiggleſworth* was glad when the letter was ſent to the Preſident.—He ſaid he had been in his Judgment againſt ſuch Diſputes 40 Years; ever ſince he had read Dr. Niewentyt's writings—And that he had ſeveral times mentioned his diſlike to the Preſident, but was diſregarded. SIMON and his friends who take *ſweet counſel together in the dark*, are of another mind. It muſt be mortifying to them, that there hath been no prophaneſs in the publick Diſputes for ſeveral Years: They would chuſe that after Prayers in the Meeting-Houſe, the Entertainment ſhould be ſeaſoned with a *little Atheiſm*.

Warſaw, July 3. We learn this moment, from Buchareſt and Cronſtedt, the important news that the Pacha, encouraged by the retaking of Guiergova, having paſſed the Danube with 60,000 Turks, attacked on the 22d of laſt month, between the ſaid place and Buchareſt, Prince Repnin, who had under him only 30,000 men; that the engagement was bloody and obſtinate; but that after laſting five hours, victory declared in favour of the Ruſſians. The Turks loſt in this action three Agas, 1500 men and 100 pieces of cannon. Five thouſand were made priſoners, without counting the trophies taken by the Ruſſian hunters in the purſuit; and a number who were drowned in the Danube.

Rome, June 29. Laſt week a Courier arrived here with advice that the Ruſſians had made themſelves maſters of Raguſa,

July 22. Ruſſia, emboldened by her late numerous ſucceſſes over the Turks, and particularly thoſe on the banks of the Danube, &c. has grown very haughty in her conventions with the Porte about a peace. It is now inſiſted on, on the ſide of Ruſſia, that in caſe of a ceſſation of arms, all the immenſe tracts of land, and conſequently all the navigation, north of the Black Sea, ſhall be ceded to her.

It was on Saturday reported upon change, that a very great miſunderſtanding had happened between the King of Pruſſia and the States General.

KINGSTON, (in Jamaica) Aug. 3.

Having in our Paper of the 13th of July given an account of the ill treatment of Engliſh ſubjects by the Spaniards, we ſhall now, in order to ſtrengthen what was then publiſhed, give the caſe of Anthony Stanley, who ſaith, that on the 5th of March 1769, he ſailed from St. Anns, in a Schooner, whereof he was maſter, in order to procure Turtle on the coaſt of Cuba; that on the 7th his Veſſel was taken and ſeized by the Spaniards, and he carried and put into goal at St. Jago, where he remained a priſoner eight months, having only one ryal a day to ſubſiſt on; that he was then tranſported to Carthagena, and put into the King's works, having his legs loaded with heavy irons, where he was obliged to work under the direction of Indians and Negroes, in carrying ſtone, ſand, and other materials to keep out the ſea, and ſecure the town; that on the 24th of April laſt, endeavoring to make his eſcape, he was detected and loaded with additional chains & irons, and that being afterwards ſick, he applied to the commander of the works to be ſent to the hoſpital, but was anſwered he might die and be damned; that at night he was locked up with thieves & murderers, and was frequently flogged and beat in an unmerciful manner, that he remained in this ſituation till the 2d of June, when he was ſent for and releaſed from his irons, and put on board a ſloop belonging to this iſland, leaving behind him a number of his unhappy contrymen in the greateſt diſtreſs.

Charlestown, South-Carolina, Aug. 19.

On Thurſday Evening laſt, a Duel was fought with Piſtols, in a Room in Mr. Holliday's Tavern on the Bay, between Dr. John Haly and Peter Delancey, Eſq; Poſt-Maſter-General of the Southern Diſtrict of North-America, which unhappily ended in the immediate Death of Mr. Delancey. The Diſtreſs of the Families of both Parties may be more eaſily imagined than deſcribed.

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, with the Advice of the Honorable Council, has iſſued a Proclamation, ſtrictly enjoining and requiring all his Majeſty's Juſtices, Conſtables, Peace Officers, and other Liege Subjects, to uſe their utmoſt Endeavors to apprehend the ſaid John Haly wherefoever he may be found within this Province; he having abſconded and fled from Juſtice ſince his feloniouſly killing and ſlaying the above Poſt Maſter-General.

The ſame Evening, and about the ſame Time, the Town was alarmed with the Cry of Fire, which was occaſioned by a Hogſhead of Rum with the Bung out catching Fire from a Candle brought too near it, in the Houſe of William Davy, an honeſt induſtrious Man, by Trade a Shoemaker, and living in Dennis's-Alley; the Hogſhead burſt with a loud Report, and the flaming Liquor immediately filled the Houſe; two of Mr. Davy's Children were ſcalded in ſuch a terrible manner that they are ſince dead, and the unfortunate Father was likewiſe much Hurt in reſcuing them from the Flames. The Fire was ſoon got under.

On the 11th inſtant a large Ship was ſeen on Fire a few Leagues off Cape Florida, thought to be from Jamaica, with Rum, &c. and continued burning till next Morning, when the Maſter of the Veſſel, who brings us the Intelligence, conjectures ſhe muſt have gone down, as he could ſee no more of her. Several other Ships were in company with or in ſight of her.

PHILADELPHIA, *Sept.* 5. 1771.

Extract of a Letter from London, *June* 12.

—"Lord North ſtill continues at the head of the Treaſury, nor is it probable he will be removed from it before the beginning of the next Seſſion, if then. Even his Lordſhip's Enemies confeſs his Abilities. Lord Chatham, you need not my Information, is ſtill the warm Partizan of America; but he has not been able to make his way into office this year. I wiſh him better luck the next; for, let his private Views be what they may, he is ever on the Side of Freedom."——

A London Paper mentions, that the Propheſy of the Earl of Chatham ſeems verifying apace—when ſpeaking of the Conduct of the preſent Miniſtry, he ſaid—"You have made Mr. Wilkes your Maſter, you will ſoon make him Sheriff of London and Middleſex, and afterwards Lord Mayor."

Capt. Steel from Barbados, on his outward bound paſſage, on the 11th of July, in lat. 33. long. 63. came acroſs the wreck of a New England built Brig, ſingle deck, with her foremaſt and bowſprit ſtanding, all her rigging ſtripped, the bulk head of the half deck ſtove in, and full of water; her drift was painted black, her quarter red, and her moulding yellow; ſhe looked as if ſhe had been wrecked about three weeks, there was no ſoul on board, and her boats were gone.

Capt. Campbell from South-Carolina, off Charles-Town Bar, the 15th ult. fell in with a Spaniſh ſnow, full of ſoldiers, &c. who informed him that ſhe belonged to a fleet of 13 ſail, bound from La Vera Cruz and Havanna for Cadiz, with the troops that were relieved from the Mexican ſtation; but on the 5th or 6th ult. a ſhip and ſnow ran on ſhore on Cape Florida, where they were loſt, from whence the above ſnow took all the people, being about 80 in number, with as much ſpecie, &c. as poſſible, with which they were proceeding on their voyage; but falling ſhort of proviſions, the ſnow put into Cape Look-Out in North-Carolina, where Capt. Campbell was alſo obliged by contrary winds to put in, and informs that the Spaniſh ſnow landed all the officers and ſeamen belonging to the wrecks, leaving none on board but their own complement, being a company of grenadiers, &c.—It is computed that the Spaniards landed at North-Carolina have with them in ſpecie above half a million of dollars, part of which they plundered from the wrecks.—The ſnow alſo diſcharged Capt. Fiſher, his mate, and 8 other Engliſhmen, who they were taking to Old Spain to put on board the gallies. Capt. Fiſher informed Capt. Campbell that he and his people were taken out of a ſloop on the coaſt of Cuba, belonging to Charles-Town, South-Carolina, about three years ago, and had been confined in a goal at Havannah ever ſince.

NEW-YORK, *Sept.* 9, 1771.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Connecticut *to his Friend in this City.*

"I ſuppoſe Col. TRYON has done more for the Support of Government in North-America, than all the Governors in it. If that moſt daring and dangerous Rebellion that has happened this age, had not been quelled by Him, an univerſal Revolt would have ſucceeded in all the Colonies: For you may *depend* upon it, this was the laſt ſcheme of all the Sons of Faction, to collect a body there, as they ſuppoſed *that* Government the leaſt able to reſiſt them: But God be thanked that they found a *Tryon!*

BOSTON, *September* 16. 1771.

Yeſterday arrived here the Captains Scott and Chambers from London, but laſt from Falmouth; the former in 40 and the latter in 35 Days:—They left the Downs in Company with the Captains Symmes and Callahan, bound to this Place. Capt. Brace for this Port, and the Packet for New-York were to ſail from Falmouth in a Day or two after the above Veſſels.

By Capt. Chambers we have a London Print of the 3d of Auguſt, but it contains no remarkable News, except a Confirmation of ſome Advantages which the Ruſſians have gained over the Turks at Precop.

In Capt. Scott from London came Paſſengers *Francis Waldo*, Eſq; Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at Falmouth; and Mr. *Joſeph Wheelwright*, of this Town, Merchant.

In Capt Chambers came Paſſengers Mr. *Henry Bowers*, of Swanſey, and Capt. *Darrington*, of this Town.

We hear that Capt. Hall from this Place arrived in the Downs the 25th of July.

‖ Mr Croſwell & Mr Keith, was the Buffoon, at the Commencement. † This Queſtion was propounded, whether there be a GOD. — vid. pa. 534. & vid. pa. 556. ‡ vid. page 512 & a vile Aſperſion on the Colonies!

Extract of a Letter from London, July 3.

"You will perhaps have heard before this arrives, that *Wilkes* is chosen one of the Sheriffs for Middlesex, by a great majority. A fortunate accident gained him his election; which was the following letter or note, wrote by J. Robinson to Benj. Smith, Esq; a tool of Lord N—th's, that was delivered into the hands of another person of the same name, a friend to Wilkes, who immediately made it public, which so roused the indignation of the Livery at the dictatorial stile thereof, that it is tho't 500 of them gave their suffrages in favor of him & Bull:"——Mr. Robinson is Under-Secretary to the Treasury.——The Note is as follows;

"*Mr. Robinson presents his compliments to Mr. Smith. Mr. Harley meets his Ward publicly to-day, to support Aldermen Plumbe and Kirkman. The friends of Government will be very active, and it is earnestly desired that you will be so good as to exert yourself to the utmost of your power to support those Aldermen. It is tho't it will be advantageous to push the Poll To-day with as many friends as possible, therefore it is desired that you will pursue that conduct. Mr. Harley will be early in the City To-day and to be heard of at his compting-House in Barge-yard, Bucklersbury, and if you or such Person as you intrust in this matter, could see him to consult thereon it might be beneficial to the cause. June 25th.*"

——There has also appeared in one of the morning Papers of to-day, the following humerous thing called *Wilkes*'s Will. In which he is made to leave Lord Rockingham "Spirit to support a good Cause." His Lordship may smile at the Wit of the Piece, tho' at the same time he heartily despises both Wilkes and his Party.——

IN the name of common sense. Amen. I John Wilkes, of the parish of St. Margaret, Westminster, Esq; being apprehensive that my political existence is drawing near to its end, think proper, as a prudent man, to make this my last will & testament; & as my being renders no good to any one, & my worldly goods small value: First, what nature, education and experience have furnished me with, I bequeath in the manner and form following, according to the several wants of my afternamed friends, whom I hope will be satisfied with my cordial remembrance, and the justice I have attended to in the distribution of my effects; and as I have been at great pains in collecting and disposing of the several articles, I do hereby strictly enjoin my undermentioned executors to be careful in the discharge of the trust I have reposed in them, *any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding*, as the wisdom of our legislature often express it.

Imprimis, To my dear Wife—*my Love.*
To my Daughter—*my Blessing.*
To his Majesty—*the Love of his People.*
To the Pr. Dowager of Wales and Lord Bute—*my Affection.*
To the D. of Gloucester—*my Malevolence.*
To the D. of Cumberland—*my original Love-Letters.*
To Lord Suffolk——*my knowledge in French.*
To the D. of Grafton——*my Perseverance.*
To Administration—*my Popularity.*
To Lord North——*my political Lies.*
To Lord Denbigh—*my Good-nature.*
To Humphry Cotes——*my Prudence.*
To Lord Rockingham—*Courage in a good Cause.*
To Lord Mansfield—*Impartiality.*
To Lord Cambden——*Deceit.*
To Mr. Fitzherbert—*Mischief.*
Right Hon. Mr. Rigby---*Diffidence.*
Right Hon. Mr. Harley---*Revenge.*
Aldermen Townsend and Sawbridge---*my Pen.*
Alderman Trecothick---*Slander.*
Sir F. B. Delavall and Geo. Bellas. Esq;---*Modesty.*
Mr. Reynolds---*Truth.*
To my Jeweller in Paris---*Patience and Caution.*
Sir Fletcher Norton--- *Integrity.*
Colonel Barre---*my Buckinghamshire Cockade.* He was Col.°
Sir George Saville---*Lust of Power.*
My Friend Vaughan---*Common Sense.*
Mr. Wedderburne---*Firmness.*
The Attorney-General and Sorry George---*Chastity.*
Lord Grosvenor---*Virtue.*
Brass Crosby---*Judgment.*
Alderman Oliver---*my Assurance.*
Sir Richard Glynn---*some Wit.*
Sir James Lowther---*Benevolence.*
Lord Weymouth---*Sobriety.*
Anti-Sejanus---*Religion.*
The People of England---*Patriotism.*
The great People of Scotland---*Loyalty.*
Lord Temple---*my Gratitude.*
The Rev. Bench of Bishops---*Grace.*
Wellbore Ellis---*Honesty.*
Lord Barrington---*Humanity.*
Carlton House Junto---*my Politics.*
King's Bench Patriots---*my Love of Liberty.*
Electors of Middlesex---*my Seat in the House.*
Mrs. Catharine M'Cauley---*my Breeches.*
The Public---*my Debts.* } Junius---*my Press.*
City of London---*my old Shoes.* }
Kearsley---*my North Briton, to pay him for the Paper.*
Lord Sandwich---*my Essay on Woman.*
To the Rev. Mr. Horne---*my old laced Cloaths, my Bible, and all the Bank Notes that shall be found in it.*

Lastly I constitute and appoint all the Printers and Publishers of Great Britain, Ireland, and the Colonies, my true and lawful Executors, begging their acceptance for their trouble of my Manuscript History of England; and in gratitude to the Society of the Bill of Rights I do hereby declare them my residuary legatees.

London, June 25, 1771. J. W.

Continuations of the List of Field Officers, commissioned in this Province.

David Phips, Esq; Captain of the Governor's Troop of Guards, to Rank as Colonel.

Third Regiment in Middlesex, South Part.

John Noyes, Esq; Colonel. *John Jones*, jun. Esq; Lieutenant-Colonel. *John Farrar*, Esq; Major.

First Regiment in Plymouth.

George Watson, Esq; Colonel.

Regiment in Plymouth West Division.

Josiah Edson, Esq; Colonel. *Edward Howard* Esq; Lieut. Colonel. *Benjamin Willis*, jun. Esq; Major.

Plymouth East Division.

David Stockbridge, Esq; Colonel.
Joseph Josselyn, Esq; Lieutenant-Colonel.

Third Regiment in Bristol County.

Hon. *George Leonard*, Esq; Colonel. *Daniel Leonard*, Esq; Lieut. Colonel. *George Godfrey*, Esq; 1st Major. *Joshua Stearns*, Esq; 2d Major.

North Regiment in Hampshire.

Hon. *Israel Williams*, Esq; Colonel.
Oliver Partridge, Esq; Lieutenant-Colonel.

South Regiment in Berkshire.

John Ashley, Esq; Colonel. *Elijah Dwight*, Esq; Lieut. Colonel. *John Fellows*, Esq; 1st Major. *John Ashley*, jun. Esq; 2d Major.

Last Saturday arrived here the Nimble Nine-Pence, Capt. Kirkwood, in 7 Weeks from New-Castle; Capt. Callender, in another Brig, was to sail for this Place the next Day after him.

At the Superior Court held here the 9th Instant, John Willson was tried for the murder of David Murray, who was found dead on the Neck, mentioned in this Paper of the 12th of August last: The Jury brought in their Verdict, *Not Guilty.*

On Tuesday last a Fellow was tried and found Guilty of breaking into the Office of Joseph Goldthwait, Esq; and stealing a considerable Sum of Money, and sundry other Articles: He was sentenced to receive 20 Stripes, to pay 500l. Damages, and Costs; but having nothing to pay, he was sentenced to serve 20 Years:—Next Day he received the 20 Stripes at the Public Whipping-Post.

MARRIED] *Thomas Aylwyn*, Esq; of this Town, Merchant, to Miss *Lucy Cushing* of *Scituate*, Daughter of the Hon. *John Cushing*, Esq; a Judge of the Superior Court.——At Charlestown, Doctor *Isaac Foster*, to Miss *Mary Russell*, Daughter to Captain *Richard Russell*.——At Rhode-Island, Mr. *William Townsend*, to Miss *Jerusha Blowers*.

DIED] Mr. *Joseph Ellerson*, aged 75 Years, formerly a Rigger.——Miss *Mary Langdon*, in the 18th Year of her Age, only Child of Mr. *Edward Langdon*, jun. deceased.——Mrs. *Bemas*, an experienced Nurse.——Mr. *John McCleland*, Hat-Box Maker, aged 80 Years: also his Wife *Mary McCleland*, aged 70; they were both buried in one Grave last Wednesday.—Mrs *Cutler*, aged 81, Relict of the late Rev. Dr. *Timothy Cutler*, deceased.—Mr. *Joseph Coolidge*, Gunsmith.—Mrs. *Pope*, Wife of Mr. *Pope*, and Daughter of the late Elder *Halsey*.

At Roxbury, Mr. *John Mory*, aged 86 Years, whose Remains will be interred To-Morrow.

At Marlborough, Mr. *Francis Weeks*, aged 38 Years, Son of Colonel *John Weeks*, of that Place: A Person well respected; was very useful in Life, and is therefore much lamented in his Death—He has left a sorrowful Widow & 6 small Children.

At Marblehead, *Jacob Fowle*, Esq; Colonel of the Regiment of Militia in that Town, and formerly for many Years a Representative in the General Court.

At Salem, Mrs. *Elizabeth Gerry*, aged 56 Years, Consort of *Thomas Gerry*, Esq; of that Place.

At Hadley, Mr. *John Kellogg*, who kept a public-House in that Town.

At Portsmouth, Captain *Daniel Warner*, in the 34th Year of his Age.

Wednesday last the Rev. Mr. *Manasseh Cutler* was ordained Pastor of the 3d Church of Christ in Ipswich. The Solemnity was introduced by singing an Anthem; the Rev. Mr. Brown of Killingly made the first Prayer; the Rev. Mr. Balch of Dedham preached a Sermon suitable to the Occasion; the Rev. Mr. Parsons of Byfield in Newbury prayed before the Charge; the Rev. Mr. Rogers of Ipswich gave the Charge; the Rev. Mr. Leslie of Ipswich gave the Right Hand of Fellowship; the Rev. Mr. Payson of Walpole made the concluding Prayer; a Psalm was sung and the Blessing given; then an Anthem concluded the Solemnity. The whole was conducted with Decency and Propriety.

Caleb Blanchard

Hereby informs his Customers and Others,
That he has just imported in Capt. SCOTT from LONDON,
A fine Assortment of English & India
GOODS,
Which will be opened in a few Days,
And Sold exceeding Cheap for Cash, at his Shop in Union-Street,
Near the Conduit, Boston.

TO-MORROW,

Will be exposed to Sale at the Sterling Cost,
At the Shop lately improved by *John Gore*, jun. deceased,
Opposite Liberty-Tree,
An Assortment of English, India and Scotch
GOODS.
The Sale to be continued every Day this Week.

On WEDNESDAY next,

At TEN in the Morning,
Will be sold by Public Vendue,
At the Auction-Room in Queen-street,
A variety of GOODS, as usual.—
Also Mohagony Tables, Desks, Chairs, Feather Beds, some Plate, and one Hogshead and a Crate of Glass and Stone Ware.

J. RUSSELL, *Auctioneer.*
Wednesday next—TEN o'Clock.

Choice St. Kitts SALT,

To be Sold on board the Ship *Prince of Wales*, *J. Beales*, Commander, lying at the Long Wharf.
A Sample of which may be seen at Store No. 13, South Side the Town Dock.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED,
(Price 3s4 Lawful by the Dozen, or 7 Coppers single)
And to be sold by JOHN FLEEMING,
At his Shop opposite the South Door of the Town House, Boston,
Bickerstaff's Boston ALMANACK
For the Year 1772.
Illustrated with an elegant Head of the Right Honorable the Earl of CHATHAM, and the Figure of a wonderful MAN-FISH.

Stearns's Almanack for 1772,
Will be published in a few Days,
And Sold by *R. Draper, T. & J. Fleet*, and *Edes & Gill.*

For LIVERPOOL,

The Liverpool Packet, *Frederick Morth*, Master,
Will sail in three Weeks, has excellent Accommodations for Passengers.——Freighters or Passengers may apply to the Master or to the Staffordshire and Liverpool Warehouse in Kingstreet,
Where there is now ready for Sale,
A very large and compleat Assortment of
China, Glass, Delph and Stone WARE.—
Also, 14 & 18 Inch Pipes, excellent Liverpool Ale in Hampers of 3 Dozen, and a genteel Assortment of Ironmongery, Brazery and Cutlery Ware remarkably cheap.

By Order of his Majesty's Justices of the Superior Court.

This is to notify the Heirs and

legal Representatives of Col. *Lamb*, Major *Bowles* and *Ebenezer Pierpont*, Esq; all late of Roxbury, deceased, that *James Williams*, Esq; and others of Taunton, have petitioned the said Court, shewing that they are interested with you in a Tract of Land, containing 1206 Acres, lying in Royalston in the County of Worcester, known by the Name of *Pierpont's Farm*, of which they claim 177 Acres, and have prayed the Court to cause the same Farm to be divided, and their aforesaid Part to be set off to them to hold in severalty.——The Consideration of which Petition is refered to the Superior Court to be holden at Taunton in the County of Bristol on the second Tuesday of October next, when and where you may be heard touching the same if you see meet.

Boston, Sept. 10. 1771.

Whereas several of the delinquent Proprietors of the *Pemaquid* or *Bristol Company*, still neglect to pay to *James Noble*, Esq; Treasurer of said Company, the Taxes which have been assessed on their Lands; notwithstanding they have been legally notified in the Public Prints that said Taxes were due:—Notice is now given, That so much of their Lands will be sold, according to Law, at the British Coffee-House in this Town, on the 7th Day of *November* next ensuing the Date hereof, at 11 o'Clock beforenoon (to which Time the Sale of their Lands is adjourned) as may be sufficient to pay said Taxes and the Charges of Sale, unless prevented by Payment being made; and the Sale of their Lands will not be deferred to a further Day.

Boston, Sept. 16. 1771. *Seth Sweetser*, *Stephen Minot*, *John Savage*, } Proprietors Committee.

At the Irish Linnen Warehouse

in King-Street, is just Imported,
A fresh and exceeding fine Assortment
of LINNENS of all widths and prices, Sheeting, Diapers, Dimothies, Irish CAMBRICKS, all which are of this Year's Bleach, finished in the neatest Manner. Also, an elegant Assortment of the newest and most fashionable Chinces, printed Muslins, Cottons, Linens, &c. and will be sold remarkably cheap.

To the LADIES.

William Warden, *Wig-Maker*,

In King-Street, BOSTON,
Respectfully informs the LADIES,
That he has invented an HAIR-ROLL upon an entire new Construction: The Rolls in common use weigh from Seven to Ten Ounces, whereas those he makes do not exceed Three.——The Advantages of a light Roll over a heavy one are so obvious that it would be affrontive to the Understanding to point them out.

ALSO,

He colours Hair on the Head from a Red or any other disagreeable Colour to a dark brown or black, so nigh Nature that the most scrutinizing Eye cannot perceive the Difference.——From some Casualty or other it frequently happens that the Hair on some Part of the Head is different from the rest: This he also changes, and makes all the Hair properly uniform.

Province of the Massachusets-Bay.

On the Petition of the Committee of

the Inhabitants of the Town of *Chesterfield*, in the County of *Hampshire*, praying the Great and General Court of said Province to establish the Proceedings of the Inhabitants of said Town and their Assessors, in levying and collecting the following Taxes; which were for the Use of building a Meeting-House, settling a Minister, clearing and repairing Roads, agreeable to the Incorporating Act for said Town, *viz.* on the several Days hereafter mentioned the several Sums annex'd to said Days were voted on all the Lands in said Town, publick Rights excepted, for said Use, *viz. August* 8. A. D. 1763, a Tax of Two Pence per Acre.
May 10. A. D. 1764, Ditto,
March 11. A. D. 1765, Ditto,
March 17. A. D. 1768, Ditto,
December 19 A. D. 1768, of One Penny per Acre.

Said Great and General Court on *June* 26, A. D. 1771, Ordered (and we hereby give Notice to) all Persons whose Lands may have been disposed of for Payment of the abovesaid Taxes, may shew Cause, if any they have, on the second Wednesday of their next Session, why the Prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

Joshua Rogers,
Ezra May,
Abner Brown,
Benj. Bonney,
Abijah Tucker,
John Wilder,
Eleazer Kings,
Benja. Tupper,
} Committee.

Publick Notice is hereby given,

That the Sale of the Lands at Kennebeck, advertised to be Sold at Publick Vendue the 19th Instant, is postponed to the Second Wednesday in May next, then to be Sold at Publick Vendue at the British Coffee-House in King-street, Boston, at 3 o'Clock P. M.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, BOSTON, *Sept.* 14. 1771.

ENTRED-IN.

Paine from Burmuda; Snow from Nova-Scotia; Ray from Island St. Johns; Hooten from Quebec; Warner from New London; Odell from N. Haven; Hewit from North Carolina; Beals from St. Christophers; Haynes from Antigua; Pierpont Tortola and Turks-Island; Chapman from St. Eustatia and St. Martins; De Selvier from Hispaniola; Bray from Cape Nichola; Gibson from Surinam; Fellows from London; Rillie from Greenock.

OUTWARD-BOUND.

Turner to Newfoundland; Snow to Virginia; Earle to Georgia; Drew to Nova Scotia; Church to Philadelphia; Hensley to South Carolina; Marchand & Lowrie to West Indies; Hemery to Jersey; Stonehouse to London.

‖ Vid. pa. 556. V North's. δ vid Rise of that Society pa 478. Vol. 2. & pa. 547 ξ vid, Bill of Rights pa 1033. Vol. 2. m Lord Mayor. ϕ vid. Index Vol. 2 & this to Find Junius's Pieces. ο vid pa. 537.

Imported in the laſt Ships from LONDON,

By Samuel Auſtin,

And to be Sold at his Store in Union-Street, Boſton, two Doors South of the Cornfields:

A large and compleat Aſſortment of

Engliſh, India and Scotch Goods,

Which he is determined to ſell as cheap as any one for Caſh,

Crimſon, ſcarlet, black, blue & Ravens grey Broad-Cloths, with a Variety of other Colours; a large Aſſortment of Silks, as Engliſh & India Damaſk, Taffities, ſtriped and flower'd Luteſtrings, changeable Mantua Silks, double Perſians, pink, blue, purple and black Capuchin Silks and Trimmings, plain & flower'd Sattins, Lawns and Cambricks, Meſſinets and Crapes of all colours, Durfeteens, Pruſſianets, double and ſingle Cambletſ & Cambletteens, double & ſingle Allapeens, Grazetts, Mohair Paduſoys, ſtriped & flower'd Cambletts, Iriſh Linens and Sheeting of all Widths & Prices, Ruſſia Sheeting, Ruſſia Drab, and Ravens Duck, Velvets & Velverets, Shalloons of all colours, Callimancoes of all colours, Tammies & Durants of all colours, black, brown, pompadour, cloth-colour, blue and green Drawboys, cloth-colour and black worſted Breeches Pieces, Everlaſtings and Amens, Baize of all widths and colours, yard-wide flowered Stuffs, Thickſetts, white and coloured Fuſtains, half-yard & yard wide flowered and plain Diapers, and corded Dimitty, Mens and Womens worſted, thread, cotton and ſilk Hoſe, Boys and Youths worſted Hoſe—a large & genteel Aſſortment of Patches, Chinces, and Callicoes, of the neweſt faſhion and taſte, ſtriped Cotton Holland, check & flowered, ſilk & linnen Hankerchiefs, ſilk and worſted Gloves & Mitts, Threads, Pins, Needles, Ribbons, Qualities, Shoe-binding, ſilk Ferrets, 3-4ths 7-8th & yard-wide cotton Checks—A Variety of mohair & metal Buttons, Silk Twiſt, Silk and Hair, and Mohair, Sewing Silk of all colours, Bearſkins, Duffils, Ratteens, Coatings, Duffil & other Blankets, black & white, flowered & plain Gauze, black & white Cat-gut, Oznabrigs, Ticklenburg & Dowlaſs—A large Aſſortment of ivory, bone and ebony ſtick Fans, Chip Hats, coarſe & fine Sieve Bottoms, Writing-Paper, Engliſh Loaf-Sugar, ell-wid Swanſkin for Ironing Cloths, Canvas & Crewells, very fine white Stay-ticking, narrow & broad ſtript Bed-ticking, yellow Holland & Stay Trimmings, Kid & Lamb Golves & Mitts, Diaper and Damaſk Table Cloths, clouting & other Diapers—A large Aſſortment of Muſlins, among which are ſome elegant & beautiful ſprig'd Muſlins for Ladies Gowns and Aprons, Sagathies & Duroys, Bengals, Peniaſcoes, German Serges of all colours, black, blue, green & red worſted & hair Plüſhes, Wool-Cards, Silk Laces—A large Aſſortment Looking-Glaſſes, Prints for Curtains, and Curtain Bindings, black and white bone and blond Laces, Snails, black & coloured gauze Handkerchiefs, Diaper, Holland & common Tapes, white Flannel & Swanſkin, ivory & horn Combs, mould and wire Shirt-Buttons, worſted Damaſk, double Ruſſels, yard-wide & half-yard Poplins, ſprig'd & plain, a few dozen Womens Silk Mitts, as low as Twelve Pound O. T. a dozen.

Where alſo may be had, Womens Engliſh & Lynn Shoes, &c.

TO SOLD BY

Richard Clarke & Son,

An Aſſortment of Iriſh LINNENS,

Lately imported from Liverpool,
Which were bought with the Caſh in Ireland.
Conſiſting of Yard wide,
7-8th Ditto,
3-4th Ditto,
Which will be Sold at the loweſt Rates.

Alſo choice Engliſh Loaf Sugar, ſingle & treble refined, juſt imported; and beſt Hyſon, Souchong and Bohea Teas, Spices, Pepper, Coffee, and French Indigo.

For CHARLES-TOWN, South-Carolina,

The Brigantine *Little John*,

Benjamin Henſley, Maſter,

Laying at the Long Wharf, will ſail in a few Days.

Freighters or Paſſengers are deſired to apply to *Samuel Allyne Otis*, at Store No. 1. Butler's-Row, or to the Maſter on board.

Said Otis *continues to ſell very cheap*,

DUCK of all Numbers and Qualities,
Nails, Brads, Bar-Iron,
Brimſtone and Allum,
Sheet and Bar-Lead,
Cordage, Lines and Twine,
Oznabrigs and Ticklingburgs,
Wool-Cards and Duffils,
Homeſpun Checks,

BOHEA, Hyſon, and Shuchong TEAS,
Loaf Sugar, Iron-Ware,
Madeira Wine,
Shook Hogſheads,
A Quantity of Flax,
A few Barrels of Alewives,
New-England Rum,
&c. &c. &c.

Thomas Lee

Has imported by the Captains *Jarvis* & *Collyer*,

A large Aſſortment of plain & figur'd Gauzes, Catguts, Sarſnets, Taffaties, Sattins, Edgings, Beads, Callicoes, Linens, Buckrams, half-yard wide Perſians, Bengalls, Cap Wire; alſo a beautiful Aſſortment of plain and figur'd Silks, black Armozeens, Paduſoys, &c. &c. &c.

Imported from London and Briſtol, and to be ſold by

Peter Hughes,

At his STORE in King-Street,———viz.

Ruſſia and Ravens Duck, Pepper,

Poland & common Starch, Florence Oil, 1d. 6d. 8d. 10. & 20d. Nails, Cod Lines, Mackarel Lines and Hooks, Sail, Seine and Whipping Twine, Shott, Barr Lead, ſingle, double & treble refin'd Loaf Sugar, Spaniſh Brown, White Lead, 7 by 9, 8 by 10 Glaſs, Buntins, &c.——Alſo to be ſold choice Taunton Ale, in Caſks, about 8 dozen Bottles.

IMPORTED from LONDON by

Richard Salter

And to be Sold at his Shop in Cornhill, BOSTON, Oppoſite to Mr. *Thomas Leverett's*,

A freſh Aſſortment of Engliſh Goods,

choice Bohea Tea, Pepper, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, & Nutmegs, Ink Powder, Paper, &c. Alſo Calamanco Shoes, warranted good, and beſt French Indigo.

TO BE LET

A large Cellar near the Town-Dock.

Enquire of the Printers.

TO BE SOLD,

By Henry Lloyd,

At Warehouſe No. 5. *on the* Long Wharf,
Reaſonably for Caſh,

Choice Connecticut Pork, Spermacæti Candles, warranted pure; an Aſſortment of Anchors, Nail Rods, Spike Rods, a few Chauldrons of Louiſbourg Coals, choice glazed and unglazed Gun-Powder, Weſt-India Madeira Wine by the Quarter Caſk, &c.

☞ Aſſortment of Stone Pickle Pots, Mugs, &c.

Bran and Butter Bread, to be had at ſaid Store.

Jacob Hemet

DENTIST to her *Majeſty*, and the Princeſs *Amelia*,

Begs Leave to recommend to the Public,

his newly diſcovered *Eſſence of Pearl*, and *Pearl Dentifrice*, which he has found to be greatly ſuperior not only in elegance, but alſo in efficacy, to any thing hitherto made uſe of for complaints of the *Teeth* and *Gums*: Particularly, they will *preſerve the Teeth* in a perfect ſound ſtate, even to old age; they render them white and beautiful, without in the leaſt impairing the enamel; *faſten* ſuch as are looſe, keep ſuch as are already decayed from becoming worſe, prevent the *Tooth-Ach*, perfectly cure the *Scurvy in the Gums*, and make them grow *firm* and *cloſe* to the teeth; they likewiſe render the breath delicate, ſweet, and remedy almoſt all thoſe diſorders that are the conſequence of ſcorbutic gums.

Sold (by appointment of Mr. Hemet) wholeſale and retail by W. Bayley, perfumer, in Cockſpur-ſtreet, near the bottom of the Hay-market, London, and at William Scott's Iriſh Linen Store, near the Draw-Bridge, Boſton, in New-England.

Joſhua Gardner

Has juſt imported in the Brig *Lydia*, Capt. *Collyer*, from LONDON, and in Capt. *Rotch* from BRISTOL,

A fine Aſſortment of Fall and Winter Goods,

which he is determined to ſell at his uſual Remarkable Low Price, among which are the following Articles, *viz.*

Bath Beavers, Frizes, Half-Thicks, Coatings, Duffles, Drapery & Colcheſter Baize of all Colours, German Serges, a fine Aſſortment of Broad Cloths with Trimmings for the ſame, London & Briſtol Shalloons, Callimancoes of moſt colors, Durants, Tammies, plain brown Cambleteens, green ditto, ſtript & mixt Cambleteens, beſt double & twiſted Camblets, Dorſeteens, Garnets, Iriſh Camblets, Venetian Poplins, ſuperfine plain black Ruſſel for Shoes or Quilts, black plain Everlaſtings, Yorkſhire Plains, mixt, green & ſcarlet Whitnies, claret, drab & black Cotton Velvets, 3-4, 7-8 & yard wide Iriſh Linnens, 3-4 & 7-8 Dowlaſs, 3-4, 7-8, yard wide & Apron Mancheſter Checks, 7-8 and yard wide Cambricks & Lawns, plain & flower'd Scotch Lawns for Aprons and Handkerchiefs, Clouting Diapers, ſtript Hollands, white figur'd Gauze, white Gauze Handkerchiefs, white Thread & Blond Lace, black Bone Lace, Capuchine Silks, plain black Sattins, Taffaties, Perſians, pink & white half-ell ditto, black Luteſtring, plain ſcarlet & crimſon Sattins, rich crimſon ſprig'd Sattins, Gimp & Garland Trimmings, blue & white, red & white ſpotted Linen Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs, Childrens red Morroco Shoes, LYNN Shoes of the beſt Quality, Mens, Womens and Childrens Stockings of ſeveral Sorts, 3 & 4 Thread Breeches Patterns, Womens plain & flower'd Sattin Gloves and Mitts, black, white & color'd Silk Mitts, white & color'd glaz'd Gloves and Mitts, black & white Silk Gloves, Worſted Mitts & Gloves, Tapes, Qualities, Shoe Bindings, Pins, Needles, Sewing Silks, Silk Twiſt, Wax & Scotch Threads, Letter'd Garters, ſtript Tapes, Silk Knee Garters, Crewels, Stay Cord & Braid, white, brown & half ſtiffned Buckrams, Ribbons, Silk Ferrets, Twiſt and Mettal Buttons, Horn & Ivory Combs, Shoe & Knee Buckles, Pen Knives, Cuttoes, Sciſſars, Horn Buttons, Sleeve Buttons, Thimbles, Table & Tea Spoons, Tea Tongs, Snuff Boxes, Ink Pots, Wax & Glaſs Necklaces, Chip Hatts, &c.——

ALSO,

SHOT, 6 by 8 and 7 by 9 Window Glaſs, London Wool Cards, Ravens Duck, Writing & Bonnet Paper, Preſs Paper, Ink Powder, Pewter, &c. &c. &c.

Thoſe Perſons who pleaſe to favor him with their Cuſtom may depend upon having their Penny-worth *for their* Penny.

TO BE SOLD

A few Hampers of fine London Porter,

Each Hamper containing three Dozen,
Juſt arrived in Capt. *Fellows*, from LONDON.
Enquire at PETER HUGHES's Store in Kingſtreet.

TO BE LET,

A genteel Houſe, in Cold Lane, four Rooms on a Floor:——Alſo to be Sold a very good double Warehouſe on the Long Wharf. Enquire of the Printers.

TO BE SOLD,

A handſome convenient Dwelling-Houſe and Farm containing Ninety Acres of good Land, ſituated in *Dorcheſter*, Six Miles from the Center of *Boſton*. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame may enquire of the Printers for further Particulars.

Whereas the Co-partnerſhip of *Spooner* and *Avery*

Is mutually diſſolved: This is to give Notice to all Perſons who have any Demands on ſaid Company to apply to *George Spooner* for Payment: And thoſe who are indebted to ſaid Company are hereby directed to pay their ſeveral Ballances to ſaid *George Spooner*, as ſoon as poſſible.

TO BE SOLD Cheap.

A ſmall Houſe, two Rooms on a Floor, pleaſantly ſituated near the Centre of the Town. Enquire of the Printers.

All thoſe Perſons that are ſtill indebted to the late Company of POOL and CLARKE, and to the Eſtate of FITCH POOL, deceaſed, are for the laſt Time adviſed, That unleſs they make immediate Payment to TIMOTHY NEWELL, their Accounts will be put into an Attorney's Hands without Diſtinction, to be ſued at October Court.

TO BE SOLD, or LET,

An End of a Houſe at the North-End, near the Salutation Tavern, very convenient for Shopkeeping. Enquire of *Samuel Emmes*.

☞ Said *Emmes* wants a Journeyman Blackſmith that underſtands Ship-Work.

IMPORTED in Capt. DAVERSON, and in the laſt Ships from LONDON & GLASGOW, and to be Sold by

Colborn Barrell,

At his Store on Treat's Wharf, on the VERY BEST TERMS:

Low prized, middling, fine and ſuperfine Broad-Cloths, fine German Serges, Sagathie, Duroys, Shalloons, Durants, Tammies, Calamancoes, Camblet Stuffs, Poplins, Venetians, brown and white Buckrams, Drawboy's, Damaſcus's ſilk ſtripes, cotton Velvets, Velverets, Thickſets, Fuſtains, Jeans, Jeans nets, cotton Sattinets, cotton Denims, Royal ribs, corded Dimothies, fine Manchester Quilting, large cotton Counterpans, London Qualities, coat and ſhoe Bindings, ſilk Ferrets, Ribbons, ſewing Silks, ſilk Twiſt, Buttons, colour'd and Nuns Threads, Pins, beſt ſort of Scotch Carpets, and Carpeting, check, linen and ſilk Handkerchiefs, Checks, Bed-ticks, ¾ ⅞ and yard-wide Linens of all prices, long Lawns, fine and half bleached Sheeting, Oznabrigs, plain and flowered Lawns, brown and white thread Stockings, cotton, ſilk and worſted Ditto, ſilk Mitts and Gloves, Breeches-patterns, Knee-garters, brocade, ſattin and calamancoe Engliſh Shoes, Clogs and Goloſhoes, writing, printing, marble, and embоſſed Paper, and all ſorts of Stationary, one ſet of Merchants Account Books, very neat and large, a few taſty Paper-Hangings, Mantuas, Luteſtrings, Perſians, Sarſnets, Sattins, Modes, black and white Fancy Trimings and Lace: Knives and Forks, Jack-knives, Pen-knives, Raſors, Buckles, Buttons, fine poliſhed Chapes and Tongues, playing Cards, Ink-Powder, Cake-Ink, cartrage, bonnet and preſs Paper, Bibles, Teſtaments, Pſalters, Spelling-Books, Primmers: Newcaſtle crown and London green Window-Glaſs, 11 by 9, 10 by 8, 6 by 7, and 8 by 6. Alſo an Alarum Clock, Gold & Silver Watches, &c. &c. &c.

Maſt Contract.

This is to inform ſuch Perſons as are deſirous of contracting for Maſts, Yards, Bowſprits, white Oak Standards, white Oak Pipe, Hogſhead and Barrel Staves and Heading, Lathwood, Aſh Oars, Rafters, &c. to apply to me or Capt. *Thomas Brown* at Portſmouth.

EDWARD PARRY,
Agent for the Maſt Contract.

Portſmouth, New-Hampſhire, Auguſt 10th, 1771.

TO BE SOLD,

By JOSEPH DENNIE,

Near the Sign of the Cornfield in Union-Street,

Pepper by the Bag, hundred or dozen —Nutmegs—Cinnamon—Cloves—Mace—Loaf-Sugar—Ruſſia DUCK—Gunpowder—Wool-Cards. *Aug.* 19. 6w.

To be Sold at PUBLIC VENDUE,

by BEZIAH WARD, on Wedneſday the 25th of *September* next, at One o'Clock P. M.

A FARM lying in *Peterſham*, about a Mile from the Meeting-Houſe, on the great Road leading to No. Four, containing one Hundred Acres of Land, all under Improvement, water'd well with durable Springs.—The Land conſiſteth of good Mowing, Tillage and Paſturing, with a good Houſe, Barn and Orchard thereon, &c. &c. &c.

To be vendued at the Houſe on the Premiſes.

Athol, Auguſt 13th 1771.

Ran away from me the Subſcriber, on the 27th Day of *Auguſt* current, an indented Servant named *Ebenezer Dawice*, about 18 Years of Age, of a lightiſh Complection, ſomething tall & ſlim, had on when he went away a browniſh All-Wool Coat, a ſtriped Jacket, ſtriped Long Trowſers, and blue Stockings and thick Shoes.———Whoſoever will take up ſaid Servant and convey him to his Maſter at *Upton*, in the County of *Worceſter*, ſhall have TWO DOLLARS Reward and all neceſſary Charges paid by BENJAMIN FISK.

And all Maſters of Veſſels and others are hereby cautioned againſt harbouring or carrying off ſaid Servant, upon Penalty of the Law. *Upton, Auguſt* 28. 1771.

Any Perſon ſhewing their Claim to a ſmall Box mark'd S. A. that came in the Brig *William*, *Joſeph Rotch* Maſter, from *Briſtol*, by paying the Charges, may receive the ſame of *Peter Hughes*, at his Store in Kingſtreet.

THIS DAY PUBLISHED,

And Sold by JOHN BOYLES at his Printing-Office next to the THREE DOVES in Marlborough-Street,

A PRACTICAL DISCOURSE to SEA-FARING MEN.

Preached in *Falmouth, Caſco-Bay*, April 28. 1771, to a large *Auditory* of SAILORS.———*Well worthy the Peruſal of* Every Body, *more eſpecially thoſe who follow the Sea.*——

By THOMAS SMITH, M. A.

THIS DAY Publiſhed,

And to be ſold by EZEKIEL RUSSELL, oppoſite the Founder's Arms, in Marlborough-Street,

A Letter to the Rev. *Andrew Croſwell*, occaſioned by his brief Remarks on the Satyrical Drollery at Cambridge, laſt Commencement Day.

By SIMON the Tanner.

Juſt Re-Printed,

And to be Sold by T. and J. FLEET,

A Token for Children,

Being an exact Account of the Converſion, Holy and Exemplary Lives and Joyful Deaths of ſeveral Young Children. By JAMES JANEWAY.

To which is added,

A Token for the Children of New-England,

Or, ſome Examples of Children, in whom the Fear of God was remarkably Budding before they died; in ſeveral Parts of *New-England*.

Preſerved and Publiſhed for the Encouragement of Piety in other Children.

BOSTON, Printed by T. & J. FLEET.